and order such corrective measures in response to such complaints as may be considered necessary. Corrective measures may include recommending to the Office of Human Resources Management and the affected agency or office that appropriate disciplinary action be taken when an employee has been found to have engaged in a discriminatory practice.

- (ii) Administer the Department's EEO program.
- (iii) Oversee and manage the EEO counseling function for the Department.
- (iv) Process formal EEO complaints by employees or applicants for employment.
- (v) Investigate Department EEO complaints and make final decisions on EEO complaints, except in those cases where the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights (or a person directly supervised by the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights) has participated in the events that gave rise to the matter.
- (vi) Order such corrective measures in EEO complaints as may be considered necessary. Corrective measures may include recommending to the Office of Human Resources Management and the affected agency or office that appropriate disciplinary action be taken when an employee has been found to have engaged in a discriminatory practice.
- (vii) Provide liaison on EEO matters concerning complaints and appeals with the Department agencies and Department employees.
- (viii) Conduct EEO evaluations and develop policy regarding EEO programs.
- (ix) Provide liaison on EEO programs and activities with the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission and the Office of Personnel Management.
- (17) Administer the discrimination appeals and complaints program for the Department, including all formal individual or group appeals, where the system provides for an avenue of redress to the Department level, Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, or other outside authority, and provide timely notice of such appeals to the Office of General Counsel and the Civil Rights Director of the affected agency.

- (18) Make final determinations, or enter into settlement agreements, on discrimination complaints in federally conducted programs subject to the Equal Credit Opportunity Act. This delegation includes the authority to make compensatory damage awards whether pursuant to a final determination or in a settlement agreement under the authority of the Equal Credit Opportunity Act and the authority to obligate agency funds, including Commodity Credit Corporation and Federal Crop Insurance Corporation funds to satisfy such an award.
- (19) Make final determinations in proceedings under part 15f of this title where review of an administrative law judge decision is undertaken.
- (20) Provide civil rights and equal employment opportunity support services, with authority to take actions required by law or regulation to perform such services for:
  - (i) The Secretary of Agriculture.
- (ii) The general officers of the Department.
- (iii) The offices and agencies reporting to the Assistant Secretary for Administration.
- (iv) Any other offices or agencies of the Department as may be agreed.
- (21) Establish, within the Office of the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights and in coordination with the Department's duly Designated Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR) Official, an process for program complaints alleging civil rights violations.
- (22) Redelegate, as appropriate, any authority delegated under this section to general officers of the Department and heads of Departmental agencies.
  - (b) [Reserved]

[77 FR 14953, Mar. 14, 2012]

## Subpart D—Delegations of Authority to Other General Officers and Agency Heads

EDITORIAL NOTE: Nomenclature changes to subpart D appear at 60 FR 66713, Dec. 26, 1995.

## §2.27 Office of Administrative Law Judges.

(a) The following designations are made by the Secretary of Agriculture

## § 2.29

to the Office of Administrative Law Judges:

(1) Administrative law judges (formerly hearing examiners) are designated pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 556(b)(3) to hold hearings and perform related duties in proceedings subject to 5 U.S.C. 556 and 557, arising under the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U.S.C. 601 et seq.); the Commodity Exchange Act as amended (7 U.S.C. 1 et seq.); the Perishable Agricultural Commodities Act, as amended (7 U.S.C. 499a et seq.); the Federal Seed Act, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1551 et seq.); the (Laboratory) Animal Welfare Act, as amended (7 U.S.C. 2131 et seg.); the Packers and Stockyards Act, 1921, as amended and supplemented (7 U.S.C. 181 et seq.); the Forest Resources Conservation and Shortage Relief of 1990 (16 U.S.C. 630 et seq.); and any other acts providing for hearings to which the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 556 and 557, are applicable. Pursuant to the applicable rules of practice, the administrative law judges shall make initial decisions in adjudication and rate proceedings subject to 5 U.S.C. 556 and 557. Such decisions shall become final without further proceedings unless there is an appeal to the Secretary by a party to the proceeding in accordance with the applicable rules of practice: Provided, however, that no decision shall be final for purposes of judicial review except a final decision of the Secretary upon appeal. As used herein, "Secretary" means the Secretary of Agriculture, the Judicial Officer, or other officer or employee of the Department delegated, pursuant to the Act of April 4, 1940 (7 U.S.C. 450c-450g), and Reorganization Plan No. 2 of 1953 (5 U.S.C. App.), "regulatory functions" as that term is defined in the 1940 Act, in acting as final deciding officer in adjudication and rate proceedings subject to 5 U.S.C. 556 and 557. Administrative Law Judges are delegated authority to hold hearings and perform related duties as provided in the Rules of Practice Governing Cease and Desist Proceedings Under Section 2 of the Capper-Volstead Act, set forth in part 1, subpart I of this title.

(2) [Reserved]

(b) The Chief Administrative Law Judge is delegated the following administrative responsibilities subject to the guidance and control of the Assistant Secretary for Administration (See §2.24(a)(12)):

(1) Exercise general responsibility and authority for all matters related to the administrative activities of the Office of Administrative Law Judges; and

(2) Direct the functions of the Hearing Clerk as set out in §2.24(a)(12)(iii).

[60 FR 56393, Nov. 8, 1995, as amended at 75 FR 43380, July 23, 2010]

## § 2.29 Chief Economist.

- (a) The following delegations of authority are made by the Secretary of Agriculture to the Chief Economist:
- (1) Related to economic analysis. (i) Coordinate economic analyses of, and review Department decisions involving, policies and programs that have substantial economic implications.
- (ii) Review and assess the economic impact of all significant regulations proposed by any agency of the Department.
- (iii) Review economic data and analyses used in speeches and Congressional testimony by Department personnel and in materials prepared for release through the press, radio, and tele-
- (2) Related to risk assessment. (i) Responsible for assessing the risks to human health, human safety, or the environment, and for preparing costbenefit analyses, with respect to proposed major regulations, and for publishing such assessments and analyses in the FEDERAL REGISTER as required by section 304 of the Department of Agriculture Reorganization Act of 1994 (7 U.S.C. 2204e).
- (ii) Provide direction to Department agencies in the appropriate methods of risk assessment and cost-benefit analvses and coordinate and review all risk assessments and cost-benefit analyses prepared by any agency of the Department.
- (iii) Enter into contracts, grants, or cooperative agreements to further research programs in the food and agriculture sciences (7 U.S.C. 3318).
- (3) Related to food and agriculture outlook and situation. (i) Coordinate and review all crop and commodity data used to develop outlook and situation material within the Department.